Special Education Needs and Disability Briefing

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Definitions

- Children & Families Act 2014
- Special Education Needs
- Disability
- Assessment
- Education Health and Care Plans
- Statement of Special Education Needs
- Age Range 0-25
- Tribunal
- One System
- Local Offer
- Local area inspection

Statements and EHC Plans

- 3.2% of Buckinghamshire CYP have statements & EHC Plans compared to a national and statistical neighbour average of 2.8%.
- This means we have 329 more Plans / Statements than if Bucks was at national or SN average

Over the last 5 years (March 2011 – March 2016) the total number of statements / EHC Plans has increased by 12% over which time the Buckinghamshire school population has increased by 8%.

Year	Total		
	Statements /		
	Plans		
March 2011	3066		
March 2016	3436		

Bucks Schools population – Jan 2016

	Under 5 (0-5)	KS1&2	KS3&4	Years 12-14	Years 15-16	Totals
No.s	9,184	36,534	29,321	7,774	3	82,816
% of all	11%	44%	35%	9%	0%	
Change from 2014	+ 939	+1,646	+537	+116	-8	+3,230 (+4%)

Using the <u>total school population</u>, if statements/Plans in Bucks were at national average, there would be 348 fewer Plans / statements

Using the <u>3-19 population</u>, there would be <u>329 fewer</u>

Using the KS1 – KS4 population, there would be 263 fewer

Assessments, Statements & Plans

- The number of <u>requests for assessments</u> is increasing.
 267 assessments were agreed between 1 Sept 15 and
 31 March 16, compared to 187 in the same period in 14-15 a 48% increase.
- The average <u>number of assessments per month</u> has increased from 28 per month in the Autumn and Spring Terms of 2014-15 to 40 per month in the Autumn and Spring Terms of 2015-16. (excludes Statements conversions)
- Of the <u>267 assessments agreed</u> in the Autumn and Spring Terms (15-16) 194 were made by schools and 73 by parents. 14% of school requests, and 45% of parent requests were turned down.

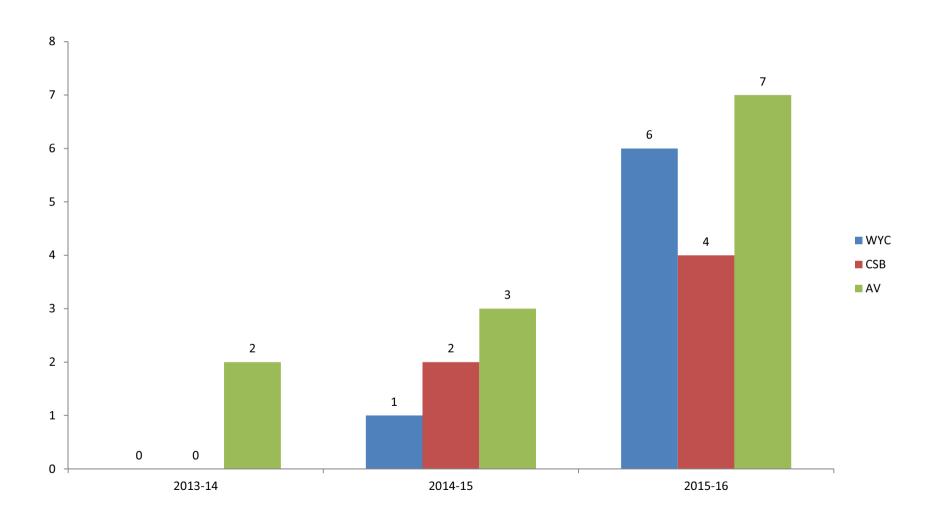
First time statements & EHC Plans

- The total number of first time EHC Plans has increased by 83% between 2014 and 2015
- The numbers of children under 5 with first time Plans has increased to 91 in 2014 to 139 in 2015, a 2014-15 increase of + 53%.
- The biggest numerical increase was in children aged between 5 and 10 (from 108 to 194)
- The biggest percentage increase was for children aged between 11 and 15 (from 41 to 95) a 131% increase for this age group.

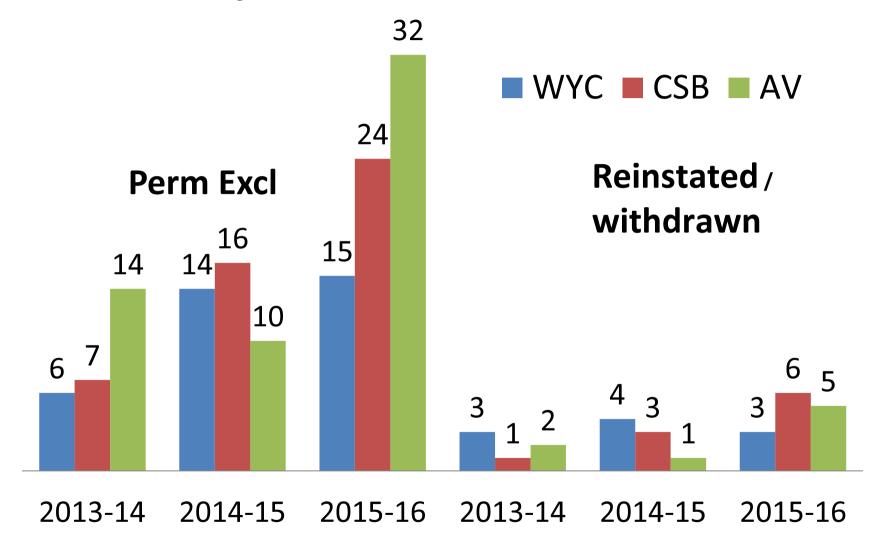
Changes in age of 1st time Plans and Statements

Age range	2013		2014		2015	
	No.s	%	No.s	%	No.s	%
Under 5	74	30	91	38	139	32
5 – 10	112	46	108	45	194	44
11 – 15	56	23	41	17	95	22
16 – 19	1	0.5	2	1	11	2.5
20 - 25	0	0	0	0	2	0.5
	243		242		441	
			+0%		+83%	

Primary School Permanent Exclusions



Secondary Schools – Permanent Exclusions



Trends in top-up costs for mainstream (1)

Statements and EHCPs (school age)

- Full year cost in 14-15 £5,011,885
- Full year cost in 15-16 £5,174,371
- Difference = 162,486 (+3.24%)

No Statements and EHCPs (school age)

- Full year cost in 14-15 £506,942
- Full year cost in 15-16 £979,945
- Difference = 12473,003 (+93%)

Top-Up allocations to Special Schools

Between April 2013 and January 2016,

- There has been a 17.5% increase in the average value of Top-Ups across all special schools. (Average school level top-up increase was £1,247)
- Over the same period the number of pupils has increased by 15.3% (171 children)
- The total increase in special school top-up funding has been £2.83m, from £7.98m to £10.8m – a 35.43% increase.
- The current average special school Top-Up is £8,394 – range £2.5k - £15.9k

Per Pupil Funding (15-16 planned spend)

Funding focus	Buckinghamshire £	England £	Statistical Nghbr £
Top-Up funding (Maintd & Acad)	250	167	139
Top-Up Independent	120	70	96
SEN Support Services	51	36	36
All HN Total	455	305	303
Educational Psychology	29	16	18
SEN administration	11	15	17
Parent Partnership	2	2	2

funding formula Allocations Formula factors & adjustments to local authorities Basic unit of funding for pupils and students in specialist SEN LA1 institutions Area cost Population factor adjustments LA2 Disability living Health and High allowance disability LA3 needs factors: Children in bad health funding Key stage 2 low Low Adjustments block attainment attainment to reflect Key stage 4 low factors: movements attainment of SEN pupils and students Deprivation factors: IDACI 2016-17 spending level factor

Figure 1: Proposed design of high needs

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A bit about Transport

- 50% of children with statements / Plans, receive free home to school transport
- 1,333 are under 16 (cost £5.3m)
- 316 are post 16 (cost £1.3m)
- Many children do not attend their nearest special school, so a web of transport routes emerges
- Transport costs can be critical in placement costings.

Review Objectives / Outcomes

- A SEN and Disability Strategy with priorities that link the statutory & strategic approaches to funding and the statutory processes for SEND, including a <u>framework of data that can be used to</u> <u>monitor provision</u>, costs and placement for future years.
- Identify "Choices and Challenges" to achieve improved financial and statutory SEN outcomes
- Propose <u>approaches to the management of SEND</u> <u>at school</u>, college and education setting level that will assist robust financial management of High Needs funding
- Identify <u>issues that would benefit from further</u> <u>attention</u>, that have been out of scope, but have arisen during the Review

Next Steps

- More interactive dialogue with school leaders – Primary HT HUBs, SENCO meetings, Special School HTs, BASH, Schools Forum
- Prepare Final Report and draft Strategy
- Chief Officers and Elected Members to consider